

joint with Hosung Kim & Yongnam Lee 7/24

Positivity of Tangent Bundles of Fano Threefolds

- X : smooth projective variety / \mathbb{Q} of dim n
 $\Rightarrow T_X$: vector bundle of rank n

§1. Positivity of Vector Bundles

Def L : line bundle on X

L is ample if $\varphi_{|L^{\otimes m}|}: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^N$ is an embedding

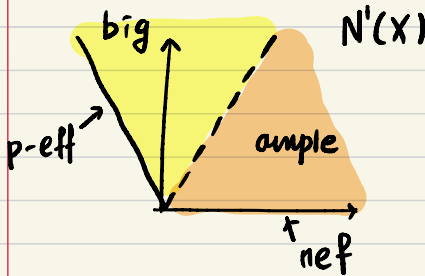
nef if $L \cdot C \geq 0$ for every curve C on X

big if $\varphi_{|L^{\otimes m}|}: X \dashrightarrow \mathbb{P}^N$ is birat'l

pseudoeffective if L is a limit of "effective" L_i in $N^1(X)$

Rmk (1) $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{ample} & \xrightarrow{\text{limit}} & \text{nef} \\ \Downarrow & \begin{array}{c} \text{red } \times \end{array} & \Downarrow \\ \text{big} & \xrightarrow{\text{limit}} & \text{p-eff} \end{array}$ {line bdls} / \equiv_{num}

(2) $\rho = \text{rk } N^1(X) = 2$ (Picard no.)



(3) $h^0(L^{\otimes m}) \sim n^m \Leftrightarrow L$: big

(4) $h^0(L^{\otimes m}) \neq 0$ for some $m > 0 \Rightarrow L$: p-eff

Def V : vector bundle on X
 $\Rightarrow \pi: \mathbb{P}(V) \rightarrow X$: projectivized bundle (Grothendieck's notion)
i.e., $\{p \in \mathbb{P}(V|_x)\} \leftrightarrow \{\text{hyperplanes of } V|_x\}$
or $\{\text{quotient line bdl's } V \rightarrow L\} \leftrightarrow \{\text{sections of } \pi: V \rightarrow X\}$

$\zeta = \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(V)}(1)$: tautological line bundle on $\mathbb{P}(V)$

$$\Rightarrow \pi_* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(V)}(m) = S^m V$$

V is ample/nef/big/p-eff if so is ζ .

Rmk $N'(\mathbb{P}(T_X))_{\mathbb{Q}} \cong \mathbb{Q}[\zeta] \oplus \pi^* N'(X)_{\mathbb{Q}}$

Thm (Mori '79, Siu-Yau '80) X : sm. proj.

$$T_x: \text{ample} \Rightarrow X \approx \mathbb{P}^n$$

Conj (Campana-Peternell '91) X : sm. Fano ($-K_X = \Lambda^n T_x$: ample)

$$T_x: \text{nef} \Rightarrow X: \text{rat'l homogeneous}$$

and confirmed for $n=3$.

$$\Rightarrow X \approx \mathbb{P}^3, Q, \mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1, \mathbb{P}(T_{\mathbb{P}^2}), \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$$

Thm (Solá Conde - Wiśniewski '04) T_x : big & 1-ample \Rightarrow nef

$\psi_{\text{IML}}: Y \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$ is morphism & $\dim \psi^{-1}(z) \leq 1$

$$\Rightarrow X = \mathbb{P}^n, X = Q^n \text{ or } X = \mathbb{P}(T_{\mathbb{P}^2}) \text{ (only when } n=3)$$

Thm (Hsiao '15) X : toric or partial flag $\Rightarrow T_x$: big

Thm (Höring-Liu-Shao '20) X : Fano 2-fold

$$T_x \text{ is big} \Leftrightarrow X = \text{Bl}_d \mathbb{P}^2 \text{ for } d \leq 4 \text{ or } X \approx \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (-K_X)^2 \geq 5$$

"+" (Höring-Liu '21) X : Fano 3-fold with $\rho=1$

$$T_x \text{ is big} \Leftrightarrow X \approx \mathbb{P}^3 \text{ or } Q \text{ or } \sqrt{5} \nearrow \text{linear section of } \text{Gr}(2,5) \subseteq \mathbb{P}^9$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (-K_X)^3 \geq 40$$

§ 2. Smooth Fano Varieties: $-K_X = \Lambda^n T_X$ is ample

$n = 1 \Rightarrow X \approx \mathbb{P}^1$

$n = 2 \Rightarrow$ del Pezzo surfaces, $1 \leq (-K_X)^2 \leq 9$

$X \approx \text{Bl}_m \mathbb{P}^2$ ($0 \leq m \leq 8$) or $X \approx \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$

↳ blow-up at m points in general position

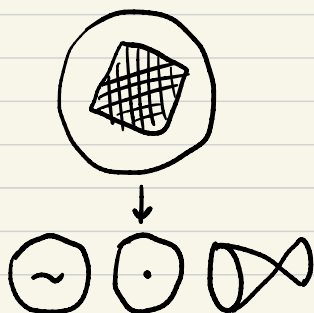
$n = 3 \Rightarrow$ (Mori-Mukai '81) 105 deformation types, $1 \leq \rho \leq 10$.

Rmk A sm. Fano variety is covered by rat'l curves.

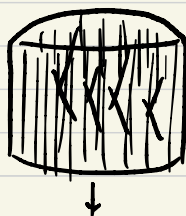
↳ \exists families $K_1, K_2, \dots \subseteq \text{RatCurves}(X)$

↳ "extremal" rat'l curves are contracted

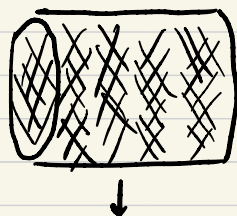
For $n = 3$, the extremal contractions are classified.



$\dim Z = 3$



$\dim S = 2$
conic bundle



$\dim C = 1$
del Pezzo fibration

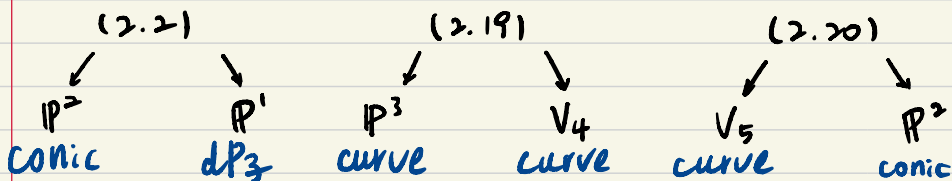
Ex ($p=1$) 17 deform. types $2 \leq (-K_X)^3 \leq 64$

\Rightarrow extremal contraction: $X \rightarrow \{*\}$

$\mathbb{P}^3, \mathbb{Q}, V_5, V_4 = \mathbb{Q} \cap \mathbb{Q}', V_3, \dots$ \rightarrow cubic hypersurface

($p=2$) 36 deform. types, $4 \leq (-K_X)^3 \leq 62$

$\Rightarrow \exists!$ two nontrivial extremal contractions



Prop (Kim-K.-Lee) (1) $X \rightarrow Z$: blow-up along a smooth curve

T_X : big $\Rightarrow T_Z$: big

$\Rightarrow T_{(2.19)}$: not big ($\because T_{V_4}$: not big (HLS))

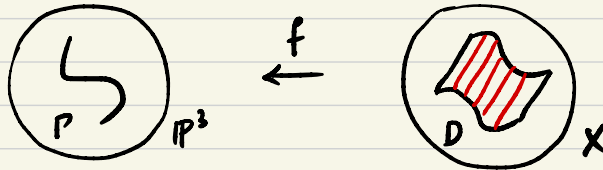
(2) $X \rightarrow C$: $d\mathbb{P}_3$ fibr'n of deg d

$d \leq 4 \Rightarrow T_X$: not big

$\Rightarrow T_{(2.21)}$: not big

§3. Total Dual VMRT (By Example)

EX $X = \text{Bl}_\Gamma \mathbb{P}^3$, Γ : sm. nondegenerate curve

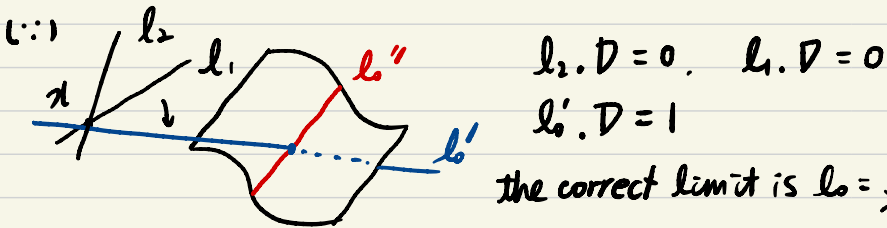


$\Rightarrow X$ has some families of rat'l curves.

(1) K : strict transforms of lines on \mathbb{P}^3

K_x : " passing thru $x \in X$

\Downarrow
 \mathcal{L}_t has split limit as $t \rightarrow 0$: not good



(2) K : rulings of $D \approx \mathbb{P}^1_r (N_{\Gamma|\mathbb{P}^3})$

\Rightarrow does not dominate X : not good

(3) K : strict transforms of secant lines of Γ on \mathbb{P}^3

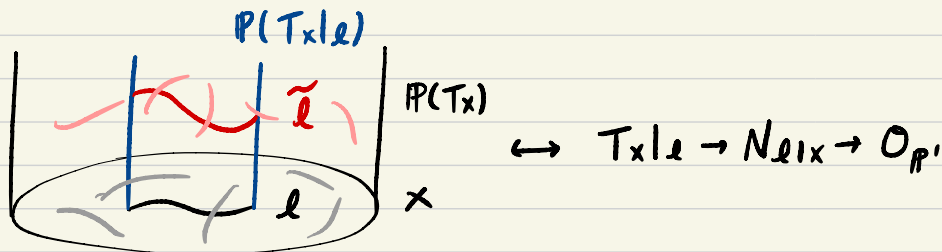
$\Rightarrow K$ dominates X

& $K_x \ni \mathcal{L}_t$ has unsplit limit for general x : good

Note that such $\mathcal{L} \in K$ on X has trivial normal bundle, i.e.

$$N_{\mathcal{L}|X} \approx \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}$$

Then we can consider trivial liftings $\tilde{\mathcal{L}}$ of \mathcal{L} on $\mathbb{P}(T_x)$, i.e.



Prop (Occhetta-Solá Conde-Watanabe '16) Under "good" assumption,
 \exists effective divisor $\check{\mathcal{E}} = \overline{\cup \tilde{\mathcal{L}}}$ on $\mathbb{P}(T_x)$ s.t.

$$\check{\mathcal{E}}|_x \subseteq \mathbb{P}(T_x|_x) \xleftrightarrow{\text{dual}} \mathcal{C}_x \subseteq \mathbb{P}(\Omega_x|_x) \text{ for general } x$$

& $\check{\mathcal{E}}$ is called the total dual VMRT associated to K .

Prop (Höring-Liu-Shao) $X \rightarrow S$: conic bundle

$$\rightarrow [\check{\mathcal{E}}] \sim \zeta + \pi^* K_{X/S}$$

conic fibers

Prop (Kim-K.-Lee) $X = \text{Bl}_\Gamma \mathbb{P}^3 \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{P}^3$, Γ : sm. nondeg. w/o 4-sec.
 deg. d & genus g .

$$\rightarrow [\check{\mathcal{E}}] \sim \left(\frac{1}{2}(d-1)(d-2) - g \right) \zeta + (d+g-1) \pi^* H = f^* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^3}(1) - \left((d-1) - \frac{1}{2}(d-2)(d-3) + g \right) \pi^* D$$

secant lines f-except $\check{\mathcal{L}}$

§4. Criteria for Bigness of T_X

Lemma If (divisorial) total dual VMRTs \check{E}_i satisfy

$$\sum [\check{E}_i] \sim k\zeta + \pi^* D$$

for some effective $D \in N^1(X)_0$, then T_X is not big.

Ex (2,2)-divisor on $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^2$ (1,1)-divisor on $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^2$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \swarrow \pi_1 & & \searrow \pi_2 \\ \mathbb{P}^2 & & \mathbb{P}^2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} \swarrow \pi_1 & & \searrow \pi_2 \\ \mathbb{P}^2 & & \mathbb{P}^2 \end{array}$

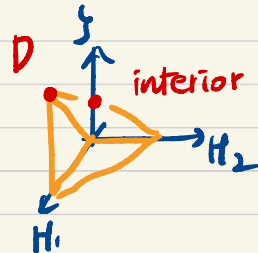
$H_i = \pi_i^* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(1)$

(2.6) $[\check{E}_1] \sim \zeta + 2\pi^* H_1 - \pi^* H_2$
 $[\check{E}_2] \sim \zeta - \pi^* H_1 + 2\pi^* H_2$
 $D \sim 2\zeta + \pi^* H_1 + \pi^* H_2$

$\Rightarrow T_{(2.6)} : \text{not big}$

(2.32) $[\check{E}_1] \sim \zeta + \pi^* H_1 - 2\pi^* H_2$
 $[\check{E}_2] \sim \zeta - 2\pi^* H_1 + \pi^* H_2$
 $D \sim 2\zeta - \pi^* H_1 - \pi^* H_2$

$\Rightarrow T_{(2.32)} : \text{big}$



(2.17) $X = \text{Bl}_p \mathbb{P}^3$, $\Gamma: d=5, g=1$

$$[\check{E}] \sim 5\zeta + 5\pi^* H - 2\pi^* D$$

$$= 5\zeta + \pi^* D'$$

$\Rightarrow T_{(2.17)} : \text{not big}$

$$(2.2v) X = \text{Bl}_p \mathbb{P}^3, \Gamma: d=4, g=0$$

$$[\check{C}] = 3\xi + 3\pi^*H - 2\pi^*D$$

$$= 3\xi + \pi^*D' - \pi^*D \rightarrow \text{indeterminate}$$

Thm (Kim-K-Lee) $X = \text{Bl}_p \mathbb{P}^3$, Γ : sm. nondeg. w/o 4-secant
deg. d

$$T_X \text{ is big} \Leftrightarrow d = 3$$

Conclusion X : Fano 3-folds w/ $\rho=2$

$$T_X \text{ is big} \Leftrightarrow (-K_X)^3 \geq 34$$