## POW 2015-1

2014**** Lee, Jongwon

Let $\omega=e^{2 \pi i / 2^{n}}$ be the primitive $2^{n}$-th root of unitiy. Also, for a subset $X$ of $A$, define $S_{X}$ as $\sum_{x \in X} x$. If $S_{X}$ are different modulo $2^{n}$ for all subsets $X$, since there are $2^{n}$ subsets in total, we have

$$
\prod_{a \in A}\left(1+\omega^{a}\right)=\sum_{X \subseteq A} \omega^{S_{X}}=\sum_{i=0}^{2^{n}-1} \omega^{i}=0
$$

so that $1+\omega^{a}=0$ for some $a \in A$. But this implies that $a \equiv 2^{n-1}\left(\bmod 2^{n}\right)$, contradicting that $a$ is odd.

